

Analog Output and Digital I/O

# **User's Guide**

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# About this User's Guide

### What you will learn from this user's guide

This user's guide describes the Measurement Computing PCI-DDA04/12 data acquisition device and lists device specifications.

# Conventions in this user's guide

#### For more information

Text presented in a box signifies additional information and helpful hints related to the subject matter you are reading.

**Caution!** Shaded caution statements present information to help you avoid injuring yourself and others, damaging your hardware, or losing your data.

**bold** text **Bold** text is used for the names of objects on a screen, such as buttons, text boxes, and check boxes.

*italic* text Italic text is used for the names of manuals and help topic titles, and to emphasize a word or phrase.

# Where to find more information

Additional information about the PCI-DDA04/12 is available on our website at <u>www.mccdaq.com</u>. You can also contact Measurement Computing Corporation by phone, fax, or email with specific questions.

- Phone: 508-946-5100 and follow the instructions for reaching Tech Support
- Fax: 508-946-9500 to the attention of Tech Support
- Email: <u>techsupport</u>@mccdaq.com

#### **Register-level programming**

You should use the Universal Library to control your board. Only experienced programmers should attempt register-level programming. If you need to program at the register level in your application, refer to the *Register Map for the PCI-DDA0x/12 Series* on our web site at <u>www.mccdaq.com/registermaps/RegMapPCI-DDA0x-12.pdf</u>.

# Introducing the PCI-DDA04/12

The PCI-DDA04/12 provides four channels of 12-bit analog output and 48-bits of digital I/O.

The D/A converters can be independently configured for either Bipolar or Unipolar. Bipolar ranges are  $\pm 10$  V,  $\pm 5$  V, and  $\pm 2.5$  V. Unipolar ranges are 0 to 10 V, 0 to 5 V, and 0 to 2.5 V. The outputs may be updated individually or simultaneously. The range settings are software-selectable.

The digital I/O ports are configured as two 82C55 mode 0 emulations. Each group is divided into three 8-bit ports — Port A, Port B, and Port C. Port C can be split into two four-bit ports — Port C-HI and Port C-LO. Each of these ports may be individually programmed as input or output. The digital outputs are capable of sinking 64 mA and sourcing 15 mA utilizing standard "S" logic.

The PCI interface uses the PLX 9052 chip, which is a slave-only device. The PCI interface for the analog output is configured in a 16-bit, multiplexed address/data bus, I/O access mode. The PCI interface for the digital I/O is configured in an 8-bit, multiplexed address/data bus, I/O access mode to be register-compatible with the PCI-DIO48H and PCI-DIO96H boards.

The PCI-DDA04/12 board is completely plug-and-play, with no jumpers or switches to set. All board addresses are set by the board's plug-and-play software. Board configuration is controlled by your system's BIOS.

### **Functional block diagram**

PCI-DDA04/12 functions are illustrated in the block diagram shown here.

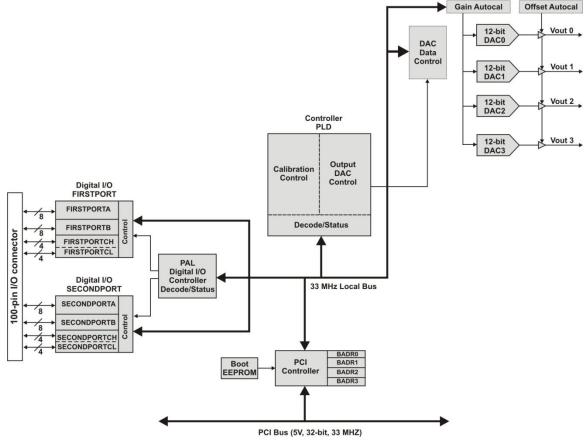


Figure 1. PCI-DDA04/12 functional block diagram

# Installing the PCI-DDA04/12

### What comes with your shipment?

Verify that the following components are included in the shipment:

#### Hardware

PCI-DDA04/12

#### Software

MCC DAQ CD

#### Documentation

In addition to this hardware user's guide, you should also receive the *Quick Start Guide*. This booklet provides an overview of the MCC DAQ software you received with the device, and includes information about installing the software. Please read this booklet completely before installing any software or hardware.

#### **Optional components**

- C100FF-x cable
- Signal termination boards

Measurement Computing provides signal termination boards for use with the PCI-DDA04/12. Refer to <u>Signal termination</u> on page 9 for more information.

### Unpacking

As with any electronic device, you should take care while handling to avoid damage from static electricity. Before removing the PCI-DDA04/12 from its packaging, ground yourself using a wrist strap or by simply touching the computer chassis or other grounded object to eliminate any stored static charge.

If any components are missing or damaged, notify Measurement Computing Corporation immediately by phone, fax, or e-mail:

- Phone: 508-946-5100 and follow the instructions for reaching Tech Support
- Fax: 508-946-9500 to the attention of Tech Support
- Email: <u>techsupport@mccdaq.com</u>

For international customers, contact your local distributor. Refer to the International Distributors section on our web site at <u>www.mccdaq.com/International</u>.

### Installing the software

Refer to the *Quick Start Guide* for instructions on installing the software on the MCC DAQ CD. This booklet is available in PDF at <u>www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/DAQ-Software-Quick-Start.pdf</u>.

### Installing the hardware

The PCI-DDA04/12 board is completely plug-and-play. There are no switches or jumpers to set. Configuration is controlled by your system's BIOS.

#### Install the MCC DAQ software before you install your board

The driver needed to run your board is installed with the MCC DAQ software. Therefore, you need to install the MCC DAQ software before you install your board. Refer to the *Quick Start Guide* for instructions on installing the software.

Complete the following steps to install the board:

- 1. Turn your computer off, open it up, and insert your board into an available PCI slot.
- 2. Close your computer and turn it on.

When you connect the device for the first time to a computer running Windows, a **Found New Hardware** dialog opens when the operating system detects the device. If the information file for this board is not already loaded onto your PC, you will be prompted for the disk containing this file. The MCC DAQ software contains this file. If required, insert the *Measurement Computing Data Acquisition Software* CD and click **OK**.

3. To test your installation and configure your board, run the InstaCal utility you installed in the previous section. Refer to the *Quick Start Guide* that came with your board <u>www.mccdaq.com/PDFmanuals/DAQ-Software-Quick-Start.pdf</u> for information on how to initially set up and load InstaCal.

### **Signal connections**

The table below lists the board connectors, applicable cables and compatible accessory boards.

Connector type	100-pin, high density connector	
Compatible cables	C100FF-x unshielded ribbon cable ( $x = $ length in feet)	
Compatible accessory products with the C100FF-x cable	SCB-50 CIO-TERM100 CIO-MINI50 (two required)	

The PCI-DDA04/12 uses a single 100-pin high density connector on the back plate of the board to bring out all required digital and analog lines and grounds.

	1/0 00	nnecu	or price	Jui
Signal name	Pin		Pin	Signal name
Dioital Ground +5V FIRSTPORTC Bit 0 FIRSTPORTC Bit 1 FIRSTPORTC Bit 2 FIRSTPORTC Bit 4 FIRSTPORTC Bit 5 FIRSTPORTC Bit 7 FIRSTPORTB Bit 0 FIRSTPORTB Bit 3 FIRSTPORTB Bit 3 FIRSTPORTB Bit 3 FIRSTPORTB Bit 4 FIRSTPORTB Bit 5 FIRSTPORTB Bit 6 FIRSTPORTB Bit 7 FIRSTPORTB Bit 7 FIRSTPORTB Bit 7 FIRSTPORTB Bit 7 FIRSTPORTA Bit 1 FIRSTPORTA Bit 1 FIRSTPORTA Bit 3 FIRSTPORTA Bit 5 FIRSTPORTA Bit 5 FIRSTPORTA Bit 5 FIRSTPORTA Bit 6 FIRSTPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTC Bit 3 SECONDPORTC Bit 4 SECONDPORTC Bit 4 SECONDPORTC Bit 5 SECONDPORTB Bit 1 SECONDPORTB Bit 1 SECONDPORTB Bit 3 SECONDPORTB Bit 3 SECONDPORTB Bit 3 SECONDPORTB Bit 3 SECONDPORTB Bit 3 SECONDPORTB Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 4 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 4 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA Bit 4 SECONDPORTA Bit 3 SECONDPORTA BIT 3 SECONDPOR	$\begin{array}{c} 100\\ 99\\ 987\\ 959\\ 943\\ 929\\ 90\\ 988\\ 876\\ 888\\ 888\\ 882\\ 81\\ 809\\ 777\\ 755\\ 773\\ 771\\ 709\\ 887\\ 665\\ 665\\ 665\\ 665\\ 665\\ 665\\ 555\\ 55$		$\begin{array}{c} 50\\ 49\\ 48\\ 47\\ 445\\ 44\\ 32\\ 38\\ 37\\ 65\\ 43\\ 32\\ 33\\ 32\\ 33\\ 32\\ 33\\ 32\\ 33\\ 32\\ 28\\ 27\\ 26\\ 54\\ 32\\ 22\\ 20\\ 98\\ 76\\ 54\\ 32\\ 1\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\$	Dinital Ground NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC

#### I/O connector pinout

PCI slot ↓

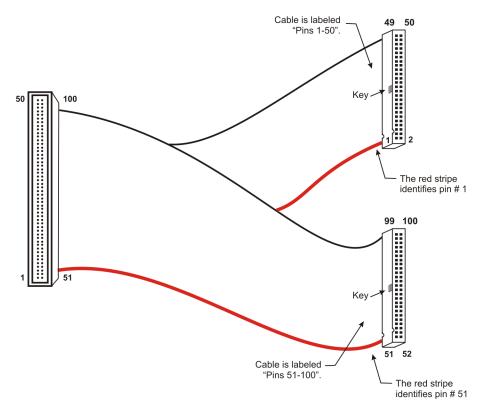


Figure 2. C100FF-x cable

Details on the C100FF-x cable are available on our web site at <u>www.mccdaq.com/products/accessories.aspx</u>.

#### Information on signal connections

General information regarding signal connection and configuration is available in the *Guide to Signal Connections*. This document is available on our web site at <u>www.mccdaq.com/signals/signals.pdf</u>.

#### **Signal termination**

You can use the following screw terminal boards with the C100FF-x cable:

- SCB-50: 50 conductor, shielded signal connection/screw terminal box; provides two independent 50-pin connections, with each connected one-to-one to a 50-pin header for ribbon cable mating.
- CIO-TERM100: 100-pin screw terminal board with daisy-chained 50-pin IDC connectors.
- CIO-MINI50: 50-pin screw terminal board.

Details on these products are available on our web site at <u>www.mccdaq.com/products/screw\_terminal\_bnc.aspx</u>.

# **Functional Details**

# **Analog connections**

The analog output connections on the PCI-DDA04/12 series are two-wire hookups. One wire connects to the signal labeled **Vout #**, where # is the channel number from 0 to 3. The other wire connects to the associated analog ground. The I/O connector pinout is shown on page 8.

Analog ranges are software-selectable for  $\pm 10$  V,  $\pm 5$  V,  $\pm 2.5$  V, 0 to 10 V, 0 to 5 V, and 0 to 2.5 V. Each port may be reconfigured easily and quickly.

# **Digital connections**

The PCI-DDA04/12 emulates two 82C55 chips, but offers much higher drive capability than the 82C55. The board emulates only Mode 0 of the 82C55 (no strobed I/O or bi-directional I/O bits). The PCI-DDA04/12 is completely plug-and-play, without any onboard user configurable switches or jumpers. The 48 CMOS/TTL compatible digital I/O lines are configured in four banks of eight and four banks of four. You can configure each bank for input or output.

All of the digital outputs/inputs on the PCI-DDA04/12 connector are TTL-compatible. TTL is an electronics industry term, short for Transistor Transistor Logic, a standard for digital signals which are either at near 0V or near 5V. The outputs are capable of sinking 64 mA or sourcing 15 mA. All I/O is brought out to the 100-pin connector, which also allows connection to the computer's +5 volt and ground.

#### Unconnected inputs float

Unconnected inputs typically float high, but not reliably. If you are using a PCI-DDA04/12 board for input and have unconnected inputs, ignore the data from those lines. You do not have to terminate input lines. Unconnected lines will not affect the performance of connected lines. Ensure that you mask out any unconnected bits in software.

#### Pull up and pull down resistors

Whenever the board is powered-on or reset, all ports are set to input mode. To drive all outputs to a known state after power on or reset, pull all pins either high or low through a 2.2 k $\Omega$  resistor.

- The pull-up resistor pulls the input to a high state (+5V). Its resistance of 2200  $\Omega$  draws only 2 mA of the 64 mA available from the output.
- A 2200 Ω pull-down resistor does the same task, except that the line is pulled low when the board is in the input mode, and uses only 2 mA of the 15 mA available output provided by the board.

The PCI-DDA04/12 board has open positions for up to six Single Inline Package (SIPs) resistors. The locations are marked Port 0A, 0B, and 0C, and Port 1A, 1B, and 1C, and are adjacent to the I/O connector. Port 0*n* corresponds to FIRSTPORT*n*, and Port 1*n* corresponds to SECONDPORT*n*.

The SIP resistors provide either pull-up or pull-down action for each eight-line port, depending on their orientation in the port positions on the board.

The SIP is made up of eight 2.2 k $\Omega$  resistors. One side of each resistor is connected to a single common point and brought out to a pin. The common line is marked with a dot or line at one end of the SIP. The remaining resistor ends are brought out to the other eight pins (refer to Figure 3).

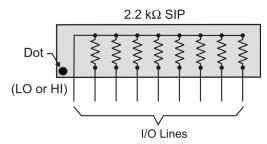


Figure 3. Eight-Resistor SIP Schematic

You can install the SIP as either pull-up or pull-down. At each location there are 10 holes in a line. One end of the line is +5V, the other end is GND. They are marked **HI** and **LO** respectively. The eight holes in the middle are connected to the eight lines of a port.

- For a pull-up function per port, mount the SIP with the common pin (marked with a dot or line) in the **HI** position.
- For a pull-down function per port, mount the SIP with the common pin in the **LO** position.

When installing pull-up and pull-down resistor SIP packs, we recommend using a 2.2 K, eight-resistor SIP (MCC part number SP-K2.29C). You can substitute individual 2.2 k $\Omega$  resistors for the resistor SIPs, if required.

# Calibrating the PCI-DDA04/12

# Self-calibrating

The PCI-DDA04/12 is shipped fully-calibrated from the factory. Calibration coefficients are stored in nonvolatile RAM. When using the Universal Library, the calibration factors are read from nonvolatile RAM and are automatically written to the calibration DACs each time you select a different DAC range.

Use InstaCal to recalibrate with respect to the factory-measured voltage standards. InstaCal calibrates each channel at all six ranges. Each channel takes less than a minute to calibrate.

# **Calibration configuration**

The PCI-DDA04/12 provides self-calibration of the analog source and measure systems. This eliminates the need for external equipment and user adjustments. The analog output circuits are calibrated for both gain and offset. Gain calibration of the analog output is performed via DAC reference adjustments. Offset adjustments for the analog output is made in the output buffer section.

PCI-DDA04/12 calibration circuitry is shown in Figure 4.

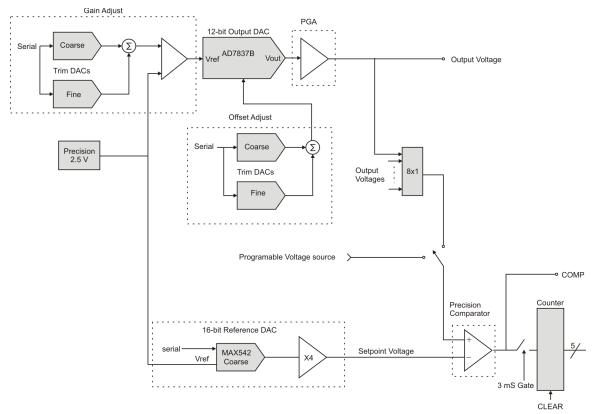


Figure 4. Calibration block diagram

# "In-system" calibration

The PCI-DDA04/12 is calibrated at the factory for the correct voltages at the I/O connector. For more precise application of voltages at the "system end", we can provide a version of InstaCal that allows you to calibrate the board within your system for correct voltages at your field connection. This calibration lets you remove the effects of voltage drops caused by IR loss in the cable and connector for resistances up to 1  $\Omega$ . This calibration also allows you to zero out errors in any external signal conditioning up to approximately ±10 mV.

In most applications, the version of InstaCal that ships with the board provides the accuracy specified. If your application has unusual requirements, such as long cables, you may need the "in-system version" to achieve this accuracy.

Contact technical support by phone, fax, or e-mail for details regarding the "in-system" calibration feature.

- Phone: 508-946-5100 and follow the instructions for reaching Tech Support
- Fax: 508-946-9500 to the attention of Tech Support
- Email: <u>techsupport@mccdaq.com</u>

For international customers, contact your local distributor. Refer to the International Distributors section on our web site at <u>www.mccdaq.com/International</u>.

# Specifications

#### Typical for 25 °C unless otherwise specified. Specifications in *italic text* are guaranteed by design.

### Power consumption

Table 1. Power consumption specifications

+5 V operating	1.5 A typical, 2.4 A max
+12 V	12 mA typical, 24 mA max
-12 V	8 mA typical, 12 mA max

# Analog output

D/A converter type	AD7837B	
Resolution	12-bits	
Number of channels	4	
Output ranges	±10 V, ±5 V, ±2.5 V, 0 to 10 V, 0 to 5 V, 0 to 2.5 V. pinout Each channel independently programmable.	
Data transfer	Programmed I/O	
Offset error pinout(calibrated)	$\pm (300 \ \mu V + \frac{1}{4} \ LSB)$	
Gain error (calibrated)	$\pm (300 \ \mu V + \frac{1}{4} \ LSB)$	
Differential nonlinearity	±1 LSB max	
Integral nonlinearity	±1 LSB max	
Monotonicity	12-bits	
D/A gain drift	±2 ppm/°C	
D/A offset drift	$\pm 5 \ \mu V/^{\circ}C$	
Throughput	PC dependent	
Settling time (20V step to $\pm \frac{1}{2}LSB$ )	6 µs typ, 10µs max	
Slew rate	5 V/µs	
Current drive	±5 mA	
Output short-circuit duration	25 mA indefinite	
Output coupling	DC	
Output impedance	0.1 Ohms max	
Miscellaneous	<ul> <li>Double buffered output latches</li> <li>Update DACs individually or simultaneously (software selectable)</li> <li>Power up and reset, all DAC's cleared to 0 volts, ±210 mV</li> </ul>	

Table 2. Analog output specifications

# Digital input / output

Digital type (main connector)	82C55 mode 0 emulation	
	Output: 74S244	
	Input: 74LS373	
Configuration	4 banks of 8, 4 banks of 4, programmable by bank as input or output	
Number of channels	48 I/O	
Output high	2.4 volts min @ -15 mA	
Output low	0.5 volts max @ 64 mA	
Input high	2.0 volts min, 7 volts absolute max	
Input low	0.8 volts max, -0.5 volts absolute min	
Power-up / reset state	Input mode (high impedance)	

Table 3. Digital I/O specifications

# Environmental

Table 4. Environmental specifications

Operating temperature range	0 to 70 °C
Storage temperature range	-40 to 100 °C
Humidity	0 to 90% non-condensing

# Main connector and pinout

 Table 5. Board connectors, cables, accessory equipment

Connector type	100-pin, high density connector	
Compatible cables	C100FF-x pinoutunshielded ribbon cable ( $x = $ length in feet)	
Compatible accessory products with	CIO-TERM100	
the C100FF-x cable	CIO-MINI50 (two required)	

Table 6. I/O connector	pinout
------------------------	--------

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	Vout 0	51	SECONDPORTA Bit 7
2	Analog Ground	52	SECONDPORTA Bit 6
3	Vout 1	53	SECONDPORTA Bit 5
4	Analog Ground	54	SECONDPORTA Bit 4
5	Vout 2	55	SECONDPORTA Bit 3
6	Analog Ground	56	SECONDPORTA Bit 2
7	Vout 3	57	SECONDPORTA Bit 1
8	Analog Ground	58	SECONDPORTA Bit 0
9	NC	59	SECONDPORTB Bit 7
10	NC	60	SECONDPORTB Bit 6
11	NC	61	SECONDPORTB Bit 5
12	NC	62	SECONDPORTB Bit 4
13	NC	63	SECONDPORTB Bit 3
14	NC	64	SECONDPORTB Bit 2
15	NC	65	SECONDPORTB Bit 1
16	NC	66	SECONDPORTB Bit 0
17	NC	67	SECONDPORTC Bit 7
18	NC	68	SECONDPORTC Bit 6
19	NC	69	SECONDPORTC Bit 5
20	NC	70	SECONDPORTC Bit 4
21	NC	71	SECONDPORTC Bit 3
22	NC	72	SECONDPORTC Bit 2
23	NC	73	SECONDPORTC Bit 1
24	NC	74	SECONDPORTC Bit 0
25	NC	75	FIRSTPORTA Bit 7
26	NC	76	FIRSTPORTA Bit 6
27	NC	77	FIRSTPORTA Bit 5
28	NC	78	FIRSTPORTA Bit 4
29	NC	79	FIRSTPORTA Bit 3
30	NC	80	FIRSTPORTA Bit 2
31	NC	81	FIRSTPORTA Bit 1
32	NC	82	FIRSTPORTA Bit 0
33	NC	83	FIRSTPORTB Bit 7
34	NC	84	FIRSTPORTB Bit 6
35	NC	85	FIRSTPORTB Bit 5
36	NC	86	FIRSTPORTB Bit 4
37	NC	87	FIRSTPORTB Bit 3
38	NC	88	FIRSTPORTB Bit 2
39	NC	89	FIRSTPORTB Bit 1
40	NC	90	FIRSTPORTB Bit 0
41	NC	91	FIRSTPORTC Bit 7
42	NC	92	FIRSTPORTC Bit 6
43	NC	93	FIRSTPORTC Bit 5
44	NC	94	FIRSTPORTC Bit 4
45	NC	95	FIRSTPORTC Bit 3
46	NC	96	FIRSTPORTC Bit 2
47	NC	97	FIRSTPORTC Bit 1
48	NC	98	FIRSTPORTC Bit 0
49	NC	99	+5V
50	Digital Ground	100	Digital Ground

# CE Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:	Measurement Computing Corporation
Address:	10 Commerce Way
	Suite 1008
	Norton, MA 02766
	USA
Category:	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use.

Measurement Computing Corporation declares under sole responsibility that the product

#### PCI-DDA04/12

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the relevant provisions of the following standards or other documents:

EU EMC Directive 89/336/EEC: Electromagnetic Compatibility, EN55022 (1995), EN55024 (1998)

Emissions: Group 1, Class B

• EN55022 (1995): Radiated and Conducted emissions.

Immunity: EN55024

- EN61000-4-2 (1995): Electrostatic Discharge immunity, Criteria A.
- EN61000-4-3 (1997): Radiated Electromagnetic Field immunity Criteria A.
- EN61000-4-4 (1995): Electric Fast Transient Burst immunity Criteria A.
- EN61000-4-5 (1995): Surge immunity Criteria A.
- EN61000-4-6 (1996): Radio Frequency Common Mode immunity Criteria A.
- EN61000-4-8 (1994): Power Frequency Magnetic Field immunity Criteria A.
- EN61000-4-11 (1994): Voltage Dip and Interrupt immunity Criteria A.

Declaration of Conformity based on tests conducted by Chomerics Test Services, Woburn, MA 01801, USA in September, 2001. Test records are outlined in Chomerics Test Report #EMI3053.01.

We hereby declare that the equipment specified conforms to the above Directives and Standards.

Cal Haupage

Carl Haapaoja, Director of Quality Assurance

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